

WITNESS VOTED FOR "TWO BUCKS."

Some Very Damaging Evidence in The Ogden Judgeship Contest.

THE CASE DRAGGING ALONG.

Testimony Given to Corroborate the Claims of the Man Who Voted For "Buck" Money.

(Special to the "News.") Ogden, Feb. 14.—The first witness called this morning in the election contest case was Daniel Lindsay, who testified that on election day he met C. B. McNeil on Twenty-fourth street, near the Republican Workingmen's headquarters. Lindsay was in company with Frank Farley. When McNeil approached them and asked if they had voted yet, to which Lindsay replied, "No," McNeil accompanied them to the Republican Workingmen's club room, where the three of them had a couple of drinks together. McNeil said, "If you vote, there are a couple of bucks in it; you are to vote for the judge."

But McNeil did not explain what judge he meant, though Lindsay understood that the meaning of a couple of bucks was \$2. In company with McNeil he went down the street and into the carriage, and with them went to the Fifteenth district, where he supposed Farley voted. They were then driven to the Ninth district, where Lindsay voted, but upon being asked for whom he voted for judge he declined to answer, and it was not until the afternoon that he gave the answer to the question. The contest was then continued, and the witness testified that he had been bribed whether he should be compelled to answer the question. The contest was then continued, and the witness testified that he had been bribed whether he should be compelled to answer the question.

MONEY WAS FOR VOTE.

Judge Powers for the contestant then continued the direct examination, and witness testified that McNeil said that the money was for the vote he "went for," and said, "you go to Will Howell and he will pay you." Accordingly he went to Howell's store one morning about 10 o'clock and saw Will Howell, who gave him \$2.00 and told him to go to the judge and vote for him. The witness testified that he did not vote for the judge, but he did vote for the judge who was to be elected on the 14th of February.

CORROBORATING TESTIMONY.

Frank Farley was next called, and corroborated Lindsay's testimony with reference to the meeting of McNeil, and his going to the various districts to vote, but he did not vote at the Fifteenth district at that time, as they supposed he did, as he had previously stated during the day. He testified that he did not receive any money for his vote, and was not asked as to whom he voted for.

WHAT MRS. POOLE SAYS.

Mrs. Isabel Pool testified she was employed by Will Howell to work for the election of Judge Howell. When she arrived at the meeting of Judge Powers and Judge Maginnis for the contestant objected to the contestant showing through this witness or any other witness the evidence of Will Howell for the election of Judge Howell. The court sustained the objection at this time in order that the contestant may present authorities to sustain his contention. Judge Powers stated that they proposed to show through this witness and others that they were employed by Will Howell to work for Judge Howell's election, and were paid money for it.

ABOUT "FIXING" IT.

Attorney J. G. Sken was called and testified that he had known Judge Howell for about three years; that in July last he visited him at his office relative to Mr. Howell's candidacy to the judgeship. Judge Howell gave him to understand that he was a candidate for the office and Powers was just thinking that this would be a good position for you, meaning the judgeship, which position Mr. Howell then occupied, and suggested that Mr. Sken get out and help meet him and he would use his influence for the appointment of Sken to the judgeship. Mr. Sken suggested that Mayor Giamann had the appointive power to that office, to which Judge Howell replied, "I can get that fixed."

CONSIDERED TO THE GRAVE.

Impressive Services Over the Remains of Mrs. Mary M. D. Kimball.

The old Kimball homestead on east North Temple street was crowded yesterday with sorrowing relatives and friends, who met to pay their last tribute of respect to Mrs. Mary M. Davenport Kimball, who had for half a century resided there, and whose earthly remains were to be consigned to the grave. The casket was covered with a profusion of flowers and the services were solemn and impressive to a marked degree.

Elder J. Golden Kimball presided and offered the opening prayer, and the benediction was pronounced by William S. Burton. Bishop Orson F. Whitney, a nephew by marriage of the deceased, was the chief speaker. He spoke in his characteristic, tender and sympathetic way, and at times some of those present were moved to tears. The Bishop traced the life of Mrs. Kimball from the time of her birth at Parma, New York, Feb. 27, 1828, through the days of migration with her parents, first to the state of Kentucky, then as a "Mormon" convert to the ill-fated city of Nauvoo, where in 1844 she was married to William H. Kimball. The journey westward was rehearsed, and the speaker told in touching language some of the early trials and privations through which she passed, jointly with her fellow pioneers.

The family of the deceased had lived near that of the speaker's father, and many reminiscences were related to show the uprightness of the departed woman's life. Honest and virtuous herself, she had carefully guarded the honor of her children. Though she had somewhat changed her religious convictions since coming to Utah, she still maintained implicit faith in God and in His Son, Jesus Christ as the savior of the world. She had once remarked, "If Mormonism is true, I have never done anything that would shut me out from its blessings."

RETURNS A BENEDICT.

Postmaster A. L. Thomas Brings His Bride Home From Eastern Trip.

Postmaster and Mrs. A. L. Thomas returned this morning from their eastern trip, and are at the home at B and Second streets. The postmaster is in the hands of his friends today, in the matter of congratulation over his reappearance as a benedict. When asked about his Washington experience, he said it was true neither he nor Senator-elect Sutherland were called to the witness stand, somewhat to their surprise. But Chairman Burrows was anxious to close the hearing; particularly as Judge Taylor had to get away, and the time for closing arguments was at hand. Postmaster Thomas stated his belief that Senator Smoot would retain his seat, though just when the report of the committee of investigation would be presented seemed at present impossible.

Y. M. C. A. FUNCTION.

Invitations Are Out to the Initial Entertainment in New Building.

Secy. Cox of the Y. M. C. A. has sent out 1,100 invitations to friends of the association to be present at the initial function of the Y. M. C. A. to be held in the gymnasium on the evening of the 18th inst. It is not to be an evening dress affair, and guests are expected to wear their business clothes. The immediate occasion of the event is to start and organize the athletic club, and to launch it into active operation. The principal speaker of the evening will be Mr. A. H. Whitford, general secretary of the National Y. M. C. A. association, who is due in this city Friday evening. The committee of arrangements is the gymnasium equipment committee, and includes Dr. C. G. Plummer, J. E. Grant, W. E. Simpson, Horace H. Smith, E. A. Eberhardt, Arthur W. Gates, R. K. Cobb, Frank K. Poe, Dr. Wesley Davis, A. L. Dennison, Walter H. Dayton, J. Herman Johnson, J. L. Priest, Sidney M. Bamberger, R. D. Burton.

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

County Superintendent Reports Returns From Thirty-Two Districts.

County Supt. of Schools Smith has compiled the following report of attendance in the county schools for week ending Feb. 10, 1905:

District	Enrolled	Present
21, West Jordan	226	209
22, Draper	224	207
23, Union	206	154
24, Murray	229	180
25, Big Cottonwood	308	287
26, Sugar	428	328
27, Mill Creek	229	196
28, Brighton	201	179
29, East Jordan	38	32
30, East Mill Creek	110	91
31, Herriman	139	94
32, South Jordan	139	123
33, Mill Creek	218	194
34, Taylorsville	172	152
35, Mill Creek	115	107
36, Murray	229	180
37, Sandy	410	367
38, Granite	72	43
39, Riverton	128	111
40, Granger	73	65
41, North Point	42	31
42, Hunter	81	72
43, Mountain Dell	11	8
44, Granger	85	75
45, Sandy	75	65
46, South Taylorsville	112	95
47, Blingham	104	95
48, Crescent	106	83

LATE LOCALS.

Today's local bank clearings amounted to \$471,518.48, as against \$469,943.75 for the same day last year.

The Tabernacle choir will meet as an entirety on Thursday evening. There will be no Friday evening practice.

Mrs. W. H. Pollard was operated upon yesterday at the Groves L. D. S. hospital for appendicitis. The operation was successful.

President J. E. Cosgriff of the Commercial National bank and his sister, Miss Cosgriff, left this afternoon, on a three weeks' trip to California.

Parties from Los Angeles report that the river there is for the first time in its history what may be really called a river, and of water there is no end.

Secy. T. B. Beatty of the state board of health will go to Farmington Saturday morning, to lecture before the local teachers on hygiene as related to schools.

Building operations have not ceased at Fort Douglas during the winter, and work on the superstructures of the new barracks building and guard house will begin as early next month as is practicable.

The fire department was called out this morning at 9:15 to the Scott-Steele building. The alarm was over the phone and both departments responded.

Constipation, Headache, Biliousness, Heartburn, Indigestion, Dizziness.

Indicate that your liver is out of order. The best medicine to rouse the liver and cure all these ills, is found in **Food's Pills**. 25 cents. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Five Reasons Why You Should ALWAYS ASK Your Grocer For THREE CROWN PRODUCTS.

1. They are absolutely pure.
2. They are of the highest quality—equal to any similar products produced anywhere.
3. They will yield you the best results in your cooking—will meet your highest expectations.
4. They are UTAH PRODUCTS.
5. They are produced in a clean, healthful, up-to-date factory, by strong, healthful, well-paid persons, who are thorough, competent and skilled in their work—hence you get the best that science, skill and money can produce, and in every can of Three Crown Baking Powder or Spices, and in every bottle of Three Crown Extracts, is a goodly abundance of that cheerfulness and sunshine that pervades every department of our factory.

HEWLETT BROS. CO.

When they arrived on the scene there was no fire in evidence.

The students of the L. D. S. university will visit the local government weather station tomorrow, and Section Director Hyatt will explain the scientific aspects of weather observation, and the methods of the service generally.

The valuable English field spall "Fido," belonging to Postmaster A. L. Thomas, died yesterday afternoon last evening, despite the efforts of several doctors to save it. The animal was 9 years old, and was registered both in England and in this country. Its value was \$500.

Manager C. O. Harris of the Independent Telephone company at the weather office today, arranging with Section Director Hyatt for sending daily weather reports over the lines of the company. These reports will be furnished free to the various local volunteer observers, and to all the subscribers of the company.

C. F. Carlson returned this morning, from Ogden where he had been to arrange for a concert next Sunday afternoon at 3 p. m., to be given by Anthony B. Carlson, the basso, who will be assisted by Squire Coop, pianist, and Willard Wehe violinist. The program has been made up especially with a view to the character of the day.

Antoinette B. Kinney and the Bank of Commerce filed suit in the district court today against the Continental Mutual Life Insurance company, who title to the area in conflict between the Brooklyn mine, owned by plaintiffs, and the Harrison and Harrison No. 2 lode claims owned by defendants, located in the Big Cottonwood district.

Oliver Moody filed suit for divorce in the district court today against Edna Moody on the ground of cruelty. They were married in Pay, Nev., on Nov. 20, 1900, and it is alleged that defendant has on various occasions called plaintiff vile and abusive names and has also used vile language towards his mother. On three occasions he alleges that she threatened to kill him.

The second platoon of Battery A, National Guard, under Lieut. Worthen, won the gun dismounting contest last evening, an entire run outfit, being dismounted in 1 minute and 34 seconds. Gen. Park was the Judge. Adj.-Gen. Bowman, and several members of the governor's staff were present to witness the contest. The artillerymen at their next meeting Monday evening, will review the new artillery regulations.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Consolidated Wagon and Machine company was held yesterday afternoon. The reports of the president and secretary received a cordial expression for the year just past, and predicted a successful business for the current year. The meeting was very short as there were no elections to be held, the officers of incorporation providing five years of official life for the directors.

The postoffice was loaded down today, with valentines innumerable, and the letter carriers were bowed down under the weight of their valentine load just before the closing of the postoffice. The general opinion of both dealers and letter carriers is that never before in the history of this city was the custom of sending valentines so exuberant as observed today. The number of dealers about town, today, look as though a storm had swept over them.

The weather today is moderating, and the temperature is steadily rising. The cold wave is evidently passing away, but to the north and east it still hangs on. At Grand Junction yesterday, the mercury fell to 14 below zero, and at Phoenix it fell to 28, or four degrees below freezing, and at Yuma the thermometer was 33. Huron was the coldest place on record, with a minimum of 20 below zero, and St. Louis and Kansas City are still stiff in the grasp of the icy king.

At a meeting of the One Hundred and Tenth quorum of Seventy, held last night in the Fifth ward assembly room, Elders James M. Pullmer and Thomas Brimley were sustained as members of the Council to succeed Elders Archibald Freebairn and Hugh Watson, transferred to other quorums. The meeting was addressed by Elder Joseph W. McMurrin of the First Council of Seventy, who discussed the duties of a Seventy in an intensely interesting manner.

Jack Sharp returned this morning from a trip to Goldfield. He says the country is about as far as a radius of 20 miles at least, and what prospecting is being done within that limit, is with a view to bonding and leasing. Prospectors are scattered out in the regions beyond, but their prospects are uncertain. Tonopah has become a settled and permanent camp, and is destined to become a second Comstock, being a silver camp, while Goldfield is a gold proposition. Mr. Sharp is enthusiastic over the general outlook for Nevada.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on box. 25c.

PERSONALS.

Banker F. E. McGarrin arrived home this afternoon, from the frozen, Siberian east.

Harold Pembroke left for the north this morning on a mining and engineering trip for one week.

George Savage has gone east to be absent a month, waiting for the Christmas trade of the current year.

Judge Morris L. Ritchie, one of the judges of the Third district court, went to Tooele this morning, to be gone for two or three days. He was accompanied by Edward Garnett, official stenographer.

SENATORS FAVOR WIPING OUT DEFICIT.

Pass Bill Calling for Appropriation to Utah Fair Commission of \$7,500.

DON'T LIKE HOUSE TACTICS.

Claim That "Explosion" in House Was Only Result and Not Cause of Shortage Discovery.

Tiring at what are considered dilatory and inflammatory tactics on the part of the house, the senate today expressed its disapproval of any attempt to discredit the report of the investigating committee of the St. Louis fair commission by passing, under appropriation of the rules, a bill to appropriate money to cover the deficit. The measure calls for \$7,500, the amount asked for by the committee in its report, which still awaits acceptance by the house. The passing of the measure carries with it the moral support of the senate to the investigating committee, and to Senator Johnson, treasurer of the commission.

The bill is S. B. 7, introduced originally by Johnson, and referred to the committee on appropriation of which Williams is chairman. Senator Benjamin of the committee brought the bill up today, recommending its passage, with the sum of \$7,500 substituted for \$10,000, the amount originally requested.

Senators today discussed the situation in the house, before the session began, and were not complimentary in their estimates of the good it has accomplished. It is in the commission woodpile, that seems to pervade the house members. Yesterday Representative Harry Joseph was in the senate for the office to talk in more talk in the house, in reply to Johnson's explanation of Friday. He made the assertion that credit was due the backers of the investigation for unearthing the "digging up" as he expressed it, the \$4,000 on hand now above what was on hand Jan. 1, 1905.

This statement Senator Johnson emphatically denies, and says that no credit whatever is due the investigators for unearthing one cent. The money came in through the regular processes of the commission's checking, he asserted, and was not hand brought in, as word was ever said about investigations, and before, in fact, the Legislature had ever convened.

NEW BILLS.

There was a run of new bills, eight of them coming in.

S. B. 68, by Johnson, prevents the carrying of concealed weapons, of any kind in Utah. It is similar to the act in force in nearly every other state.

S. B. 69, by Hollingsworth is on the vexed subjects of stray animals. It provides that a majority of the taxpayers of any county may petition for a permit to turn stock loose and fence the lands, the stock in such cases to be exempt from sale or impounding as strays.

S. B. 70, by Hollingsworth, exempts wages earned out of the state and payable out of the state from garnishment where defendant is served personally.

S. B. 71 by Hollingsworth amends the section relating to the fiscal year, changing its date of beginning from Jan. 1, to Dec. 1.

S. B. 72, by Hollingsworth, relates to the county auditor, and provides that he shall be elected for a term of two years, and shall be eligible for re-election.

MORE NEW BILLS.

S. B. 74, by Ranshaw, provides for an inspector of metalliferous mines, and makes provisions for the safety and health of the employees in them.

S. B. 75, by Bennett, amends the law relating to taxes and the manner of service and publication of assessments on corporations.

S. B. 76, by Bamberger, permits the garnishing and attachment of the wages and salaries of all public officials.

S. B. 77, by Lawrence, fixes the date of municipal elections, and provides that they shall be held on the first Monday of November, 1905.

S. B. 78, by Lawrence, is a companion measure, reducing the city council of cities of the first class to nine members, with a salary of \$1,500 each.

HOUSE TO VISIT MEXICO ON FRIDAY.

Vote of the Members Decided the Matter That Way This Afternoon.

TO ABOLISH DISTRICT ATTYS.

Bill For That Purpose Introduced—Joseph To Come Forward With Lewis-Clark Measures.

Acting on an invitation from Dr. M. H. Hardy, medical superintendent of the mental hospital at Provo, the house this afternoon decided to visit that institution on Friday next. The house also decided to send a special committee on a tour of inspection to the University branch normal at Cedar City. This committee to be named by the speaker and to leave at a time suitable for a proper inspection of conditions at that institution.

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

The committee on public health recommended the passage with amendments of H. B. 123 by Dean, in relation to defecating waters; also the non-passage of H. B. 112 by Mr. Dean providing for labels on all bottles of proprietary medicines.

A majority of the committee on penitentiary and prison recommended the passage of H. B. 35 by Edward, relating to the state board of corrections; Mr. Wilson, a member of the committee, submitted a minority report, recommending that the bill do not pass.

The committee of judiciary recommended the passage of H. B. 39 by Kinney, entitled, "An act for the enforcement of judgments in counties other than the one in which the same was entered," also the non-passage of H. B. 54 by Kinney, relating to motions and orders; H. B. 63 by Kinney, relating to preparation, settlement and signing bills of exceptions.

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RESOLUTION OF SYMPATHY.

The following resolution of condolence to Representative Thompson on the death of his 10-year-old son, was presented by a special committee, consisting of Representatives Wilson, Simons and Cottam:

"Whereas, The house of representatives has learned with profound sorrow of the death of Kulo S. Thompson, the bright and beloved son of our respected colleague, Representative Orril L. Thompson;

"Therefore be it Resolved, that the sincere sympathy of the house of representatives be tendered to the bereaved family; and the Representative Thompson and members of his family in their bereavement."

VALE DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

Representative Miller introduced in the house this afternoon a bill seeking to abolish the office of district attorney, and bringing the criminal prosecutions of the state under the supervision of the county judges. The bill provides for the appointment of three deputy attorneys-general, whose salaries shall not exceed \$2,000 per annum each. As the seven district attorneys now receive an aggregate of about \$20,000, or \$3,000 for each biennial period, it will be seen that the saving to the state will amount to quite a handsome sum annually. Besides, Mr. Miller contends that it will minimize the difficulty in the matter of prosecutions and make the record of such cases vastly more complete than it has ever been.

LEWIS & CLARK BILL.

Representative Joseph is preparing a bill appropriating the sum of \$29,000 for a state exhibit at the Lewis & Clark Exposition, and placing certain restrictions on the commission, so as to prevent a recurrence of the reported World's fair scandal.

FOR THIRD READING.

The bills scheduled for third reading this afternoon were as follows: House bills Nos. 65, 3, 59, 73, 127, 74, 62, 45, 113 and 128, and senate bills Nos. 17, 23, 40 and 46. H. B. 3 provides for the appointment of three deputy attorneys-general, and was read and passed.

SHEEP BILL PASSED.

Sen. Clegg's Measure Had Hard Sledding Through the Senate.

The new sheep bill passed the senate yesterday after a tedious attempt to amend it in every possible way, almost every senator except Loose taking a crack at some point of grammar or punctuation. Upon a final vote it passed by a majority of 17 to 10, and goes away with a sheep inspector, substituting a board of three sheep commissioners who shall receive the same pay as the inspector, and who shall have the right to straighten out differences of opinion. It was attended by many stockmen, among them being O. P. Hatch and Stern Hatch, of the Deseret Live Stock association; Howard C. Caudland, a Sanpete; J. Ooster of Nephi, and Ed Callister of Salt Lake. The final agreement was that the bill be conserved the interests of the cattle and sheep men at large over the state, and that it could not be amended to advantage.

The famous land board bill of Senator Walton came forth from the committee room, weak and feeble from much amendment. The old partisan clause was there, however, and when the bill is read for the third time today it is expected that Senator Bamberger will still further disturb the remains of the bill, and that the partisan feature. One new clause in the bill makes the \$300,000 bond for the secretary to be secured from a surety company, instead from bondsmen approved by the governor.

ner had the only one to be recorded. It provides greater punishment for the crime of fornication.

Senator Williams introduced a memorial to Congress asking for more laws against adulterated food.

SIDELIGHTS ON SENATORS.

Senator Walton received a postal card today, addressed to "State Senator Walton or Marks."

Senator Gardner is leading a forlorn hope against Walton's land board measure. He wants only three commissioners instead of five.

Senator Lewis is still absent on his visit abroad. An extension on his traveling privileges may soon be made, as his 10 days are about gone.

Senators were busy this morning reading the report of Adjutant General C. S. Burton of the National Guard for 1903 and 1904. The printed document was distributed to them yesterday.

Docket Clerk Bachman is the subject of many complimentary remarks on the way he attends to the duties of his office. The question of inefficient officers does not seem to have troubled the senate.

"The curse of economy is what Bamberger says the State University is suffering from. He thinks the time is ripe for individual citizens as well as the Legislature to do big things for the University in making it in fact the center of the state's educational institutions."

A visitor at the senate today in reply to a question of how he liked the Legislature said that he would tell us to the senate, and as to individual members of the house, but as to the house collectively, well he absolutely couldn't and wouldn't express himself.

On the back was fastened a cartoon, representing a blind-folded investigator, saying, "I don't see a thing," while the grafters laughed in the background. When smiled and looked at it. He doesn't seem to be much bothered at the steam heated discussion of the house on the committee's report.

LEGISLATIVE Gossip.

Reports of the state boards of dental examiners, medical examiners and pharmacy were on the desks of the legislators today; likewise the report of the adjutant general.

SULLIVAN-HEARST EPISODE IS AIRED.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The Sullivan-Hearst episode had another airing in the house today, when Mr. Sullivan again, rising to a question of personal privilege, declared that on yesterday Mr. Hearst had ignored his offer to make a statement concerning his connection with the homicide to which Mr. Hearst alluded.

Mr. Sullivan admitted it to be true that on Nov. 24, 1895, his father, Eugene J. Sullivan, and himself were convicted of manslaughter in the superior court of Middlesex county, Mass.

Mr. Sullivan explained that while his father was conducting a licensed hotel in Boston he was attacked by a drunken man. He (Sullivan), then 17 years old, went to the rescue of his father. The man was knocked down and struck his head against the curbstone, became unconscious and never recovered. His father was sentenced to three years' imprisonment. Sullivan was held to be only technically guilty and was neither imprisoned nor fined. His father was pardoned after serving a year and a half.

Mr. Sullivan declared that the most that could ever be alleged against him was that he was technically guilty of the offense charged, the district attorney having admitted that he was not even guilty of administration of letters.

"I am constrained to say, however," said Mr. Sullivan, "that if my father were now alive and he were to be again in my presence, all the facts, as said, were fully published in all the newspapers in the city of Boston at the time, and were before his constituents when he was elected to the Massachusetts senate in 1901, and before the Congress of the United States in 1902 and 1904, and it was not," he said, "in conclusion, 'until 20 years after that alleged offense that any individual would feel that it was necessary or proper to allude to the circumstances of the case.'"

Mr. Sullivan received loud applause from both sides of the chamber when he declared that he walked out of court a free man and had not been imprisoned a day nor fined a cent. The applause broke out afresh when he declared that under similar circumstances his father would have been held to his defense. He took his seat amid renewed applause, several members going to his seat and shaking his hand.

Mr. Sullivan concluded his remarks by saying that he was a Republican, feelingly spoke of his intimate association with Mr. Sullivan in the Massachusetts senate. He testified to Mr. Sullivan's worth as a man, and said with great applause that "there is no man in Massachusetts today for whom I personally would sooner lay down my life and say that the man is honest and capable of more than Mr. Sullivan."

After Mr. Shober (N. Y.), also rising to a question of personal privilege, had expressed the proud feeling of those who have advocated the principles advanced by Mr. Hearst, Mr. Hemmery (Ind.) reported the sundry civil appropriation bill and immediately thereafter the naval appropriation bill was taken up with an understanding that eight hours shall be devoted to general debate, and that the house shall convene at 11 a. m. each day while the bill is under consideration.

Mr. Foss (Ill.), chairman of the committee on naval affairs, explained the bill saying among other things, that the amount carried by it, \$190,070,070, was moderate in consideration of all the circumstances which the committee had before it.

DAILY GRAIN LETTER.